#### Unit 1: The Medical Model & Methodology of Abnormal Study

Estimate d Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
10 Days	Review Brain components and functions	Why is studying the brain important to psychologist?	Components of brain and their function	Explore components of the brain  Lobes Capacity Webbing Stem Water content Identify the function and control of each section/structure  Apply brain functions from locations in brain  Discussion various activities of application  Reflect on Brain exercises and experiences	Student driven menu PowerPoint of brain study  Brain Games episodes  PBS Nova How the Brain Works Series Labs/Activities:	Brain anatomy Brain function theories Mental States Levels of Consciousness Senses & Perception	3.1.7.A7 \$7.B.1.1.2 RWSL 1.1.12 1.2.12 1.6.12 1.8.12 1.9.12
	Preview myriad of ways the Brain Dysfunctions	Why is Normal is relative to human experience?	Capacity of Dysfunction Diagnostic Statistical Manual	Identify components in PET Scans  Understand PET Scans  Discuss Grey Matter	Barnum Effect Scenario exercise Brain scans and diagnostics utilized in field Grey Matter Impact scenarios	Industry standards for Brain Diagnostic tools Grey Matter Specify Severity	RWSL 1.1.12 1.2.12 1.6.12 1.8.12 1.9.12
	Disorders	What are traits of disorders? How do disorders	Disorders are debilitating to the individual suffering from it?	Utilize the DSM-V to identify disorders of various categories  Mood Anxiety Depression Personality	How to DSM guide Inside Out: disorders - stream from AIU  Carousel of Mental Health Disorders	DSMV Various terms for disorders selected by students to discuss	RWSL 1.1.12 1.2.12 1.6.12 1.8.12 1.9.12

	effect the support system of the patient?	Major disorders affecting Americans	<ul> <li>Bi-Polar</li> <li>ETC.</li> <li>Identify disorders common in schools, give examples therapies/adaptations</li> <li>Autism</li> <li>Anxiety/Depression</li> <li>Oppositional Defiance Disorder</li> <li>Etc.</li> <li>Apply disorders to school setting Classify disorders in blind study</li> </ul>	Observations and interviews		
Criteria of Mental Illness  Medical Model of Methodology  Perspective of abnormality  Schools of Abnormal Thought	When is disorder abnormal?  Uniform study of humansis it possible?  In what ways has the field studied and applied approaches?	Mental illness criteria and definitions  Medical model of study  Methodology of studying humans  Perspectives and approaches to study  DSM utilization in diagnosis & study application	Interact with DSM to identify, determine, summarize:	Scavenger Hunt in DSM Informational concept web or posters Simulate client scenario and DSM determination	Reznek's definition of mental illness Statistical model Societal expectations Consensus Subjective discomfot Social/vocational incapacity Misinterpretation of reality Immaturity Causation factors Symptom Syndrome Acute Chronic Assessment techniques Methodology 5 steps Psychoanalytic Neo-freudian Behavioristic Humanism Maternal deprivation Pathological family pattern Psychic trauma Pathological interpersonal relationship Severe stress	RWSL 1.1.12 1.2.12 1.6.12 1.8.12 1.9.12

#### Unit 2: Psychological Therapy Methods

Estimated Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible
					Resources		Content
10 Days	Therapies and	In what ways is therapy	Schools of Therapy	Identify different therapy options	Client scenarios	6 therapy approaches:	3.1.7.A7 S7.B.1.1.2
	Professional Models	personalized	Key foundational concepts	Categorize therapies and application based on client need/diagnosis	Graphic organizers	Psychoanalysis Rational Emotive	RWSL
		Advantages	·	_	Therapy activities	Behavior	1.1.12
		and	Criticisms	Analyze therapies to formulate a	for experiential	Existential	1.2.12
		disadvantag es to the	Options for therapy	best option for client scenario	understanding	Reality CBMT/Behavior	1.6.12 1.8.12
		models?	inside school		Reflection essay	Humanistic Gestalt	1.9.12
		One size fits	Therapist Issues and		Various therapy	Family systems	
		all solution?	Ethics		exercises		
						Behavioral	
					Discussions/	Model elements	
	National	Is society	Organizations and	Explore the resources of the NIMH	Reflections	Medical Model elements	
	Institute of	doing	resources	and APA on brain abnormalities and		Psychoanalytic	
	Mental	enough?		disorders		model elements	
	Health	What is the	Therapy types vary on disorder and	Student driven by interest area		Confidentiality	
	American	right therapy	brain component	Identify and characterize the types			
	Psychological	to fix our	effected	of therapies offered			
	Association	mental					
		health crisis?		Apply knowledge of various			
				disorders to suggest appropriate			
				therapy			
				Discussion – essential questions			

#### Jnit 3: Cognitive Neurodevelopmental Disorders

Estimated B Unit Time Frames	sig Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
N	Neurodevelopmental lisorders	What is it like to live with this Mental Health Disorder?  How have you learned to appreciate your own mental health status because of this unit?	Cognitive Deficits and Brain Capacity  Medical Model and functional perspective theories  Biological causation  Brain development and performance function results in disorders  Brain components responsible for various human functions effected	<ul> <li>Define disorder</li> <li>Determine demographic afflicted</li> <li>Locate Brain component responsible for disorder</li> <li>Correlate schools of thought/approaches to utilize for analysis and practice</li> <li>FOLLOW METHODOLOGY OF FIELD</li> <li>Identify causal factors</li> <li>Describe manifestations of disorders through observation of subjects</li> <li>Classify diagnosis by severity</li> <li>Align correct treatment through researching methods current in field</li> <li>Research prognosis of disorder</li> </ul>	Annenberg Learner Video on Demand lessons  Demographic research: USA vs World population  DSM manual research  APA and NIMH research  Video evidence of diagnosed  Methodology application exercises  Guest Speaker Series: Professionals in Disorders  TedTalks: first account experiences living with disorder  Informative Understanding Campaign media	Neurophysiological abnormalities Brain pathology Delirium, Dementia Alzheimer  Intellectual Development Disorder Developmental Coordination Disorder Communication Disorders ADHD Specific Learning Disorders Tic Disorders, ie. Tourettes, Stutter	RWSL 1.1.12 1.2.12 1.6.12 1.8.12 1.9.12

#### Unit 4: Psychotic and Personality Disorders

Estimated Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
10 Days	Psychopath vs. Sociopath	In what ways can you tell the difference between the two?  Where did the brain go wrong?	There is a distinct difference between a sociopath and a psychopath  Criminals have brain abnormalities	Identify the markers of a sociopath and psychopath  Research famous criminals  • Analyze to find markers  • Determine socio or psychopathology  • Evaluate nature of crimes	TedTalks – socio vs psycho  Research studies on socio/psychopaths  Famous serial killer poster project	Sociopath Psychopath Marker points of definitions	RWSL 1.1.12 1.2.12 1.6.12 1.8.12 1.9.12
	Schizophrenia Spectrum	What is it like to live with this Mental Health Disorder?  How have you learned to appreciate your own mental health status because of this unit?	Disorganization of the brain's capacity characterized by hallucinations, delusions, disorganized speech and behavior  Must have longevity in duration with 1 month of 2	Define disorder     Determine     demographic afflicted     Locate Brain     component     responsible for     disorder     Correlate schools of     thought/approaches to     utilize for analysis and     practice  FOLLOW METHODOLOGY OF FIELD	Annenberg Learner Video on Demand lessons  Demographic research: USA vs World population  DSM manual research  APA and NIMH research  Video evidence of diagnosed  Methodology application	Schizophrenia Schizophreniform disorder Schizoaffective disorder Schizotypal personality disorder Delusional disorder Catatonia	
	Dissociative Disorders		symptoms in activation  Result of disruption of the consciousness relating to memory, identity and perception of	<ul> <li>Identify causal factors</li> <li>Describe         manifestations of         disorders through         observation of subjects</li> <li>Classify diagnosis by         severity</li> </ul>	exercises  Guest Speaker Series: Professionals in Disorders  TedTalks: first account experiences living with disorder	Dissociative amnesia Dissociative Identity disorder Depersonalization disorder	

Social Personality Disorders	individual's environment  Patterns of behavior and inner experience that deviate from cultural norm  Begin in adolescents  Clinical significant distress or	Align correct treatment through researching methods current in field     Research prognosis of disorder	Informative Understanding Campaign media	Paranoid avoidant Antisocial Borderline Narcissistic Histrionic Dependent	
	impairment in social function: academic & occupational				

#### Unit 5: Mood Disorders

Estimated Big Unit Time Frames		Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
Dep Disc	pressive orders	What is it like to live with this Mental Health Disorder?  How have you learned to appreciate your own mental health status because of this unit?	Manifestation of panic attacks/ physical evidence through various individual experience of fear  Long term markers of mood and disengagement  Combinations of symptoms and criteria  Type and severity spectrum with traits for diagnosis  Episodic existence  All mood disorders can result from outside brain medical conditions	<ul> <li>Define disorder</li> <li>Determine demographic afflicted</li> <li>Locate Brain component responsible for disorder</li> <li>Correlate schools of thought/approaches to utilize for analysis and practice</li> <li>FOLLOW METHODOLOGY OF FIELD</li> <li>Identify causal factors</li> <li>Describe manifestations of disorders through observation of subjects</li> <li>Classify diagnosis by severity</li> <li>Align correct treatment through researching methods current in field</li> <li>Research prognosis of disorder</li> </ul>	Annenberg Learner Video on Demand lessons  Demographic research: USA vs World population  DSM manual research  APA and NIMH research  Video evidence of diagnosed  Methodology application exercises  Guest Speaker Series: Professionals in Disorders  TedTalks: first account experiences living with disorder  Informative Understanding Campaign media	Separation Selective Mutism Specific Phobia Social Anxiety Panic Agoraphobia Generalized Substance/Medication Induced Disruptive Mood Dysregulation Major Depressive Persistent Depressive  Types I: Manic, Hypomanic, Major Depressive Episodes Types II Cyclothymic	RWSL 1.1.12 1.2.12 1.6.12 1.8.12 1.9.12

#### Unit 6: Behavior Disorders

Unit Time	Big Ideas	<b>Essential Questions</b>	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible
Frames  10 Days  1  10 Tays  10 Tays  10 Tays  11 Tays  12 Tays  13 Tays  14 Tays  15 Tays  16 Tays  17 Tays  18 Tays  1	Impulse Control Disorders and Conduct Disorders  Trauma Stress Disorders  Eating Disorders	What is it like to live with this Mental Health Disorder?  How have you learned to appreciate your own mental health status because of this unit?	Essential features of disorders  Variance of severity and complexity of living with disorder  Cycle of emotional stress  Trauma induced  Longevity of disorder  Ability of brain to suppress for survival  Triggers to manifestation of behavior  Shared traits with impulse control and social stress disorders concepts	<ul> <li>Define disorder</li> <li>Determine demographic afflicted</li> <li>Locate Brain component responsible for disorder</li> <li>Correlate schools of thought/approaches to utilize for analysis and practice</li> <li>FOLLOW METHODOLOGY OF FIELD</li> <li>Identify causal factors</li> <li>Describe manifestations of disorders through observation of subjects</li> <li>Classify diagnosis by severity</li> <li>Align correct treatment through researching methods current in field</li> <li>Research prognosis of disorder</li> </ul>	Resources  Annenberg Learner Video on Demand lessons  Demographic research: USA vs World population  DSM manual research  APA and NIMH research  Video evidence of diagnosed  Methodology application exercises  Guest Speaker Series: Professionals in Disorders  TedTalks: first account experiences living with disorder  Informative Understanding Campaign media	Oppositional Defiant Disorder Intermittent Explosive Disorder Pyromania Kleptomania Obsessive- Compulsive Disorder Trichotillomania and Excoriation Hoarding Body Dysmorphic Reactive Attachment PTSD Acute Stress Disorder  Rumination Avoidant/Restrictive intake Anorexia Bulimia Binge-Eating	History 8.1.12A 8.2.12A, C 8.3.12A RWSL 1.1.12 1.6.12 1.8.12 1.9.12

#### **Unit 7: Autism**

Estimated Unit Time	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible
Frames		Questions	(mon)	(23)	nessurees		Content
10 Days	Abnormal Brain	What is	Humans affected with	Determine differences between	PET scans	PDD	3.1.7.A7
	Functions	abnormal	abnormalities suffer	normal and abnormal brain functions		Asperger's	S7.B.1.1.2
	Manifested in	anyway?	and need compassion		Autism NOW	Syndrome	
	social,			Identify brain locations of abnormality	Ted Talks	Severe	RWSL
	communication,	Is Autism and	Autism is rooted in	utilizing brain PET scans		Mild	1.1.12
	behavioral	abnormal	brain function but is		Kennedy Krieger		1.2.12
	observations	brain	also a medical	Identify Autism criteria	Institute training		1.6.12
	complicated	function or a	condition	Observe autistic children to find	videos		1.8.12
	more than any	disorder?		diagnostic markers			1.9.12
	other Mental		Major components of		Life Animated		
	Health		Autism	Examine the adaptations of Life with			
	challenge			Autism	Autism Speaks		
			Spectrum		speaker		
			classifications	Classify abnormality disorders			
				Practice DSM use	Informative		
			Services & resources		Understanding		
			available	Find resources & research current	campaign media		
				legislation			
			Organizations	Analyze data trends of disorder			
			advocating care and				
			independence	Create empathy and understanding in			
				environment			

#### **Project Based Assessment - Final**

Estimated Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
10 Days	Increase	What status of	Scientific	Complete the scientific research	Student driven	Student selected	RWSL
	tolerance of	mental health	research method	method to critically analyze and	research project	based on topic and	1.1.12
	Mental	empathy in the		provide evidence to suggest a position	and	position	1.2.12
	Health	world is		to essential question.	presentation to		1.6.12
	disorders in	understood			class on		1.8.12
	society	through		Identify a celebrity or a portrayal of	simulation of		1.9.12
		celebrity		character in pop culture media.	identification,		
	То	portrayal and			diagnosis,		
	demonstrate	is it accurate?		Analyze behaviors, subject	analysis,		
	abilities			background and stimuli/antecedents.	therapeutic		
	acquired				response to case		
	through			Determine diagnosis based on course			
	research			study, determine malfunction in brain			
	methods in			capacity, determine level of			
	the field.			function/suffering of patient			
				Evaluate for most productive therapy			
				to suggest: examining 3 schools			
				concluding with ranking of methods			
				Present a multimedia informative			
				assessment through video analysis,			
				demonstration of knowledge and			
				conclusion			

Note: Topics are endless in this field. It is suggested to survey students to determine their interest levels and background knowledge to determine possible additional topics.